

# **Economic Development Grant Report**

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North Carolina Department of Commerce Labor and Economic Analysis Division October 1, 2020

### **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT GRANT REPORT HIGHLIGHTS**

North Carolina has two main performance-based discretionary incentive programs, utilized in competitive situations, the Job Development Investment Grant Program (JDIG) and the One North Carolina Fund (One NC). State funds are only disbursed for actual jobs created under these grants, which are targeted at attracting companies that are considering locating in North Carolina or considering expanding existing operations in the state. Pursuant to §143B-437.07(c), the Job Maintenance and Capital Development Fund (JMAC) and the Industrial Development Fund (IDF and the IDF-Utility Account)<sup>1</sup> are also discussed in this report. This report covers JDIG program activity since 2003, while the reporting period for the other programs begins on January 1, 2007.

# **Overall Highlights**

- From January 1, 2007 to June 30, 2020 (the "general reporting period"), the Department of Commerce announced 1,000 awards through the JDIG, One NC, JMAC, and IDF programs, with an announced award total exceeding \$2.2 billion.<sup>2</sup>
- Of these 1,000 grants, 307 are currently active (31%). After disbursements and reductions in liability due to grant terminations and failure to meet all performance goals, the current potential liability for all active grants made since 2007 is nearly \$1.2 billion.<sup>3</sup>
- Because each program has different requirements and timelines, and because some grantees received
  more than one type of grant, this report contains a projected cost per job as well as actual costs per job
  to date and remaining liability for each specific program. Thereafter, once grants have completely closed
  and reported, actual costs and benefits for each grant are reported.

# **Summary of Job Development Investment Grant Data**

- From the program's first award in 2003 to June 30, 2020 ("the extended JDIG reporting period"), 318 JDIG awards have been announced for an award total of \$2.3 billion. Of this amount, up to \$521 million (22%) was earmarked for the Utility Account to support infrastructure in Tier 1 and 2 counties.
- Because grants have an average term of over 10 years, only 25 grants have completed as of June 30, 2020.
   JDIG grantees report annually on their performance as of December 31, so performance information in this report is as of December 31, 2018, and award and disbursements information is as of June 30, 2020.
- 152 grants awarded since 2003 are currently active, while 77 have been terminated with some funds disbursed, 55 have been terminated with no funds disbursed and nine have been withdrawn by the recipients before disbursements were required. Twenty-five grants have completed their grant terms and closed with funds disbursed.
- The average job "ramp-up" period (termed the "base period") for JDIG grantees is 4 years, during which time jobs are created as companies ramp up to full operation. Following the base period, companies that maintain required levels of employment will receive disbursements for the remainder of the grant term, usually an additional seven years. It is only after the grant term has been completed that an assessment can be made as to the total number of jobs created and the total cost per job.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective July 1, 2013, the IDF and IDF-Utility Account were renamed the Industrial Development Fund Utility Account.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This figure does not cover JDIG, One NC or IDF grants awarded prior to 2007, some of which have ongoing activity. Total announced award amount does not include IDF-Utility Account awards, which are contained in total JDIG awards.

<sup>3</sup> Total potential liability for all active grants includes \$227 million in JDIG liability to the IDF-Utility Account.

- Since JDIG's first award in 2003, Commerce has disbursed \$381,676,734 to companies for creation of 49,746 new jobs, which equates to approximately \$7,673 per job created.<sup>4</sup> These companies also retained 102,023 jobs that existed at the time of their awards. Since 2003, private investment made by grantees was over \$8.9 billion.
- Of the total 318 announced awards, 224 (70%) went to companies with existing North Carolina operations and 94 (30%) went to those new to the state. Of the total 318 awards, 157 (49%) were expansions of existing facilities and 161 (51%) went to the construction of new facilities.

# **Summary of One North Carolina Fund Data**

- Of the 570 grants awarded since January 1, 2007, 106 are currently active; 243 have closed with no funds disbursed, and 221 have closed with funds disbursed.
- The 106 active grantees have reported creating 2,045 new jobs and retaining 32,187 existing jobs. These active grantees have received net disbursements of \$1,976,523 for a state cost to date of \$967 per job created. Private investment made by these grantees exceeded \$467 million during this time period.
- 221 One NC grants awarded during this period have closed with funds disbursed in the amount of \$47,454,261 and companies reported creating 25,384 new jobs and retaining 44,981 existing jobs. This results in a final state cost per new job of \$1,869. These companies made over \$7.2 billion in private investment.
- Of the 570 grants announced since January 1, 2007, 305 (54%) involved the expansion of an existing facility, while 265 (46%) involved building a new facility.

## Summary of Industrial Development Fund (including Utility Account)

- Under the IDF, 26 grants were awarded from 2007 to 2011 and \$4,087,743 has been disbursed to local governments. All IDF grants have now closed.
- Under the IDF-Utility Account, 134 grants have been awarded since 2007 and \$54,597,258 has been disbursed to local governments, with 46 grants currently active.
- IDF funds are provided for infrastructure expected to lead to job-creation, however, particularly with the IDF-Utility Account, creation of a specified number of jobs is not required or reported. This is a longer-range program designed to provide infrastructure that will attract job creation to particular localities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Since 2003, the JDIG program has disbursed \$385,480,175 and recaptured or "clawed back" \$3,803,441 due to lack of performance by companies, bringing the net disbursements to companies to \$381,676,734. Cost per job is over the life of the grant, an average of 10.8 years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Since 2007, the One NC program has disbursed \$49,199,380 for closed grants and recaptured or "clawed back" \$1,745,119 due to lack of performance by companies, bringing the net disbursements to companies to \$47,454,261.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The One NC application did not ask about whether a company had existing North Carolina operations until mid-2013, although dual JDIG/One NC awards did capture this information before this time. Where data exists for One NC grants awarded since 2007, 187 companies did have North Carolina operations, while 104 did not. Information was not available for 279 companies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Since 2007, \$4,152,612 has been disbursed under the IDF program and \$64,869 has been recaptured or "clawed back", resulting in net disbursements of \$4,087,743.

# **Summary of Job Maintenance and Capital Development Fund**

- Seven JMAC grants have been awarded since 2007, with \$73,440,083 disbursed through June 30, 2020 and 7,309 jobs retained, at state cost to date of \$10,048 per job retained. These companies have made private investments of \$585 million to date.
- Job creation is not an element of this program, although providing grants for modernization is intended to spur future economic activity, jobs, and prosperity. Because JMAC is a retention-focused program, all awardees had existing operations and facilities in the state at the time of the award.

### **OVERVIEW OF COMMERCE-ADMINISTERED PROGRAMS**

The following information summarizes activity in several Commerce-administered grant programs, as required by N.C. Gen. Stat. §143B-437.07.

The various programs contained in this report have specific reporting cycles that determine the information available as of June 30, 2020. JDIG grantees report on March 1 for activity (job creation and retention, minimum average wage, investment, etc.) as of December 31 of the prior calendar year. Commerce staff analyzes these reports, obtains additional information as needed from grantees, and obtains verification of withholdings and that no overdue tax debts exist from the Department of Revenue. This process generally results in finalization of eligibility for payments and certification by the North Carolina Economic Investment Committee (EIC), which administers the program, in the third or fourth quarter of the year following the end of the reported year. Thus, this report contains JDIG grantee performance information through December 31, 2018, and information on disbursements, recaptures, and terminations through June 30, 2020.

JMAC grantees reports are due April 30 each year so the last reported information is for 2018 performance, giving similar timing parameters for verification and certification as described above for JDIG grantees.

Performance information for One NC and the IDF programs is provided through June 30, 2020.

Table 1A provides summary information on JDIG, One NC, and JMAC during the general reporting period (January 2007 to June 2020). Additional information on JDIG awards made before 2007 is available in the JDIG Program section. Note that 52 grantees have received both JDIG and One North Carolina Fund awards for the same project during the general reporting period. These awards are listed separately in order to avoid double counting of jobs and investment.

Table 1A: Summary of Economic Development Grants by Commerce Job Creation or Retention Programs, 2007-2020									
	Number of	Total Announced	*Disbursements to			Private Investment			
Commerce Program	Awards	Awards	Awardees	Jobs Created	Jobs Retained	Made			
JDIG (only)	211	\$1,323,895,725	\$123,306,172	22,316	59,635	\$2,837,981,325			
One NC (only)	518	\$105,602,100	\$29,574,380	17,366	117,533	\$4,994,663,880			
JDIG and One NC**	104	\$691,476,808	\$121,400,437	13,056	17,820	\$3,094,770,964			
JMAC***	7	\$154,000,000	\$73,440,083	Not Required	7,309	\$585,010,867			
TOTAL	840	\$2,274,974,633	\$347,721,072	52,738	202,297	\$ 11,512,427,036			

Note: Total Announced Awards for JDIG include the amounts available to companies as well as to the Utility Fund.

Source: NC Department of Commerce, September 2020. Date range for awards is 1/1/2007 to 6/30/2020.

<sup>\*</sup>Recaptured Funds have been subtracted from Disbursements, resulting in net disbursements.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Fifty-two projects were awarded both JDIG and One NC grants for a total of 104 awards. For projects receiving both JDIG and One NC awards, Job Creation and Retention reflect JDIG reporting and Private Investment comes from One NC reports.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> One project was awarded a JMAC in addition to a One NC award; duplications have been removed.

Table 1B summarizes the IDF and IDF-Utility Account, which provide grants to local governments to support infrastructure development.

Table 1B: Summary of IDF and Utility Account Grants, 2007-2020										
	Number of	Total Announced	*Disbursements to							
<b>Commerce Program</b>	Awards	Awards	Awardees							
IDF	26	\$4,964,152	\$4,087,743							
IDF-Utility Account	134	\$ 86,054,572	\$54,597,258							
TOTAL	160	\$91,018,724	\$58,685,001							

<sup>\*</sup>Recaptured Funds have been subtracted from Disbursements, resulting in net disbursements.

**Source:** NC Department of Commerce, September 2020. Date range for awards is 1/1/2007 to 6/30/2020.

### JOB DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT GRANT PROGRAM

**JDIG** (§143B 437.52) is a performance-based economic development incentive program that provides annual disbursements for a period of up to 12 years to businesses that will newly locate or expand current activity in North Carolina, based on a percentage (ranging from 10% to 80%) of withholding taxes paid by new employees during each calendar year of the grant. Grants are made to qualifying companies by the five-member EIC, based on the Criteria for Operation and Implementation of Job Development Investment Grant Program.

- The JDIG program's total liability for all grants made in a calendar year cannot exceed \$35 million in any future year.
- Ten percent of the grant payment for which a company is eligible for a project in a Tier 2 county, and 25 percent of the grant payment for a project in a Tier 3 county is transferred to the IDF-Utility Account to help fund rural infrastructure.
- Two special categories of JDIG projects have been recently created, 1) high-yield projects and 2) transformational projects, which have their own project criteria, benefit structures, and cap impacts.
- Because some grantees do not meet each year's minimum required job creation target, the remaining potential state liability is likely to be less than that suggested by the total announced award amount.

Each grant has a job "ramp-up" period (termed the "base period"), which may run from one to five years; most JDIG awards have a four- or five-year period during which jobs are created as companies ramp up projects to full operation. The total grant term, during which the jobs must be maintained, can run up to 12 years. The first year of the base period may start a year or more after the grant award date, given the anticipated timing of construction, government approvals, and the company's hiring plans. Following the base period, companies who maintain required levels of employment will receive disbursements for the remainder of the grant term, usually an additional six years. It is only after the grant term has been completed that an assessment can be made as to the total number of jobs created and the final cost per job.

Table 2 on the next page shows all JDIG awards made from the first award in 2003 through June 30, 2020 and the status of those grants, announced award amounts, job targets, and actual performance to date. The table shows actual grantee performance reported as of December 31, 2018, with disbursements made to the company as well as any funds recaptured from grantees through early 2020, as well as a cost per new job to date.

Note that the remaining liability for active grants is less than announced award amounts (even after subtracting disbursements issued) since some grantees are not eligible for full award payments if 100% of performance requirements are not met. It should also be noted that the Announced Cost per New Job amount is over the life of a grant, such that the currently indicated \$17,767 represents a projected cost per job of approximately \$1,777 per year on a grant of 10 years. The 25 grants which have closed with funds disbursed had an average cost per job of \$13,964.

	Table 2: Job Development Investment Grants, 2003-2020											
			Annound	ed Awards			Actual Performance					
Status	Number of Awards	Announced Awards Available to Companies	Announced Awards Available to Utility Account	Minimum Required New Jobs	*Cost Per New Job	Minimum Required Retained Jobs	Disbursements to Companies	Recaptured Funds	Jobs Created	**Cost per Job Created (to date)	Jobs Retained	Remaining Potential Liability to Companies
Active	152	\$1,002,755,950	\$288,636,800	50,904	\$19,699	78,197	\$17,1731,561	\$0	23,820	\$7,210	43,839	\$803,208,600
Closed, Funds Disbursed	25	\$176,581,479	\$56,658,120	8,944	\$19,743	9,973	\$154,634,972	\$0	11,074	\$13,964	19,849	\$0
Terminated, \$0 Disbursed	55	\$241,641,249	\$67,644,411	16,157	\$14,956	35,656	\$0	\$0	1,509	n/a	10,953	\$0
Terminated, Funds Disbursed	77	\$382,815,079	\$105,064,708	25,051	\$15,281	26,841	\$59,113,642	\$3,803,441	13,343	\$4,145	27,382	\$0
Withdrawn	9	\$22,326,600	\$3,057,400	1,724	\$12,950	810	\$0	\$0	0	n/a	0	\$0
TOTAL	318	\$1,826,120,357	\$521,061,439	102,780	\$17,767	151,477	\$385,480,175	\$3,803,441	49,746	\$7,673	102,023	\$803,208,600

Note: Job Creation and Retention totals may not equal program totals presented in Table 1A as a result of some projects receiving both JDIG and One NC awards.

Source: NC Department of Commerce, September 2020. Date for awards, disbursements issued, recaptures, and remaining liability as of June 30, 2020; job data as of December 31, 2018 for most grants.

<sup>\*</sup>Announced Awards Cost per New Job = Amount of Announced Award available to Companies divided by Minimum Required New Jobs. Projected Cost per Job is over the life of the grant.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Cost per Job Created (to date) = (Disbursements issued to Companies less Recaptured Funds) divided by Jobs Created. Cost per Job does not include retained jobs.

### ONE NORTH CAROLINA FUND PROGRAM

**One NC** (§143B 437.70) was created in 1993 (as the Governor's Industrial Recruitment Competitiveness Fund) to help North Carolina achieve economic growth and prosperity across the State. It provides matching grants to local governments to help recruit new and expanding businesses to create jobs. Grant payments are generally provided in four equal disbursements over three years, based on demonstrated job creation, investment, and other performance criteria. For companies that have also received a JDIG award, performance is tied to performance required under their JDIG awards.

Table 3 shows data for One NC awards that are still active, those that have closed without grant disbursements, and those that were closed after disbursement and completion of the grant term. Final performance data and actual costs per job can only be provided for grants that have been completed.

- 106 grants awarded during the reporting period are currently active and have reported creating 2,045 new jobs and retaining 32,187 existing jobs. As with JDIG, the Minimum Required New Jobs is greater than the Jobs Created, as these companies are still in the process of job creation, which takes several years. These companies have received \$1,976,523 in disbursements during this period. Based on the current figures, this results on a state cost to date per job of \$967.
- 221 grants awarded during this period have closed with funds disbursed and have reported creating 25,384 new jobs and retaining 44,981 existing jobs. This results in a state cost per job of \$1,869.

Table 3: One North Carolina Grants, 2007-2020											
		Anı	nounced Awards		Actual Performance						
Status	Number of Awards	Announced Award Amount	Minimum Required New Jobs	*Cost per New Job	Disbursements	Recaptured Funds	Jobs Created	**Cost per Job Created (to date)	Jobs Retained	Remaining Potential Liability	
Active	106	\$50,450,050	11,798	\$4,276	\$1,976,523	\$0	2,045	\$967	32,187	\$48,473,527	
Closed, \$0 Disbursed	243	\$50,267,290	24,414	\$2,059	\$0	\$0	1,601	n/a	64,706	\$0	
Closed, Funds Disbursed	221	\$63,795,568	24,538	\$2,600	\$49,199,380	\$1,745,119	25,384	\$1,869	44,981	\$0	
TOTAL	570	\$164,512,908	60,750	\$2,708	\$51,175,903	\$1,745,119	29,030	\$1,703	141,874	\$48,473,527	

Note: Job Creation and Retention totals may not equal program totals presented in Table 1A as a result of some projects receiving both JDIG and One NC awards.

Source: NC Department of Commerce, September 2020. Date for awards as of June 30, 2020.

<sup>\*</sup>Announced Projected Cost per New Job = Amount of Announced Award available to Companies divided by Minimum Required New Jobs. Projected Cost per Job is over the life of the grant.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Cost per Job Created (to date) = (Disbursements to Companies less Recaptured Funds) divided by Jobs Created. Cost per Job does not include retained jobs.

### INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT FUND & IDF-UTILITY ACCOUNT

**IDF** (§143B 437.01) provided grants to units of local government for construction of or improvements to new or existing water, sewer, gas, telecommunications, high-speed broadband, electrical utility distribution lines or equipment, or transportation infrastructure for existing or new or proposed buildings conducting eligible industrial operations.

- Grants were made to projects in Tier 1 and Tier 2 counties.
- Grants were generally capped at the lesser of \$10,000 per job or \$500,000 per project.
- The infrastructure funded had to be located at the building site or directly related to the industrial activity.
- This program awarded its last grant in 2011; all grants have closed.

**The IDF-Utility Account** is financed through statutory deductions from the grant payments for which JDIG grantees are eligible (25% of the grant payment for JDIG projects located in Tier 3 counties and 10% for JDIG projects located in Tier 2 counties).

- Grants are made to projects in Tier 1 and 2 counties.
- The infrastructure funded must be located at the building site or directly related to the industrial activity.
- To receive an award, the local government applicant must demonstrate that the infrastructure funded by the grant is reasonably expected to lead to job creation in eligible industries.
- A specific job commitment is not required, and thus no cost per job can be calculated even though jobs are often created.

The tables below show the total Commerce awards and disbursements made to local governments for infrastructure projects made since 2007 under the IDF Program (Table 4) and the IDF-Utility Account (Table 5).

Table 4: Industrial Development Fund Awards, 2007-2020										
Status	Number of Awards	Announced Awards	*Disburse- ments	Remaining Potential Liability						
Closed, \$0 Disbursed	4	\$545,359	\$0	\$0						
Closed, Funds Disbursed	22	\$4,418,793	\$4,087,743	\$0						
TOTAL	26	\$4,964,152	\$4,087,743	\$0						

<sup>\*</sup>Recaptured Funds have been subtracted from Disbursements, resulting in net disbursements.

Source: NC Department of Commerce, Sept 2020. Date range for awards is 1/1/2007 to 6/30/2020.

Table 5: Industrial Development Fund Utility Account Awards, 2007-2020										
Status	Number of Awards	Announced Awards	*Disburse- ments	Remaining Potential Liability						
Active	46	\$41,750,358	\$15,008,058	\$26,742,300						
Closed, \$0 Disbursed	5	\$2,196,000	\$0	\$0						
Closed, Funds Disbursed	83	\$42,108,214	\$39,589,201	\$0						
TOTAL	134	\$86,054,572	\$54,597,258	\$26,742,300						

<sup>\*</sup>Recaptured Funds have been subtracted from Disbursements, resulting in net disbursements.

Source: NC Department of Commerce, Sept 2020. Date range for awards is 1/1/2007 to 6/30/2020.

### JOB MAINTENANCE AND CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT FUND

**JMAC** (§143B-437.012) is a discretionary incentive program, available for projects in Tier 1 and 2 counties, designed to encourage retention of significant numbers of high-paying, high-quality jobs and large-scale capital investment, enlarge the overall tax base, and increase revenues to the State and its political subdivisions. Grant recommendations are made by the EIC to the Secretary of Commerce, based on a thorough review of the factors enumerated in the Criteria for Operation and Implementation of Job Maintenance and Capital Development Fund Program.

- As of June 30, 2020, seven 10-year JMAC grants have been awarded, totaling \$154 million.
- Annual grant payments for all grants are based on grantees' actual expenditures on eligible expenses related to modernization (typically, worker training and capital investments).
- JMAC is intended to enable a large facility to modernize and thus retain existing jobs; new jobs are not required and not reported.

Table 6: Job Maintenance and Capital Investment Fund Awards, 2007-2020										
	Ann	ounced Award	s	Actual Performance						
		Minimum				**Cost per				
	A management	Required	*Cost per			Retained	Remaining	Private		
Grantee	Announced Awards	Retained Jobs	Retained Job	Disbursements	Jobs Retained	Job (to date)	Potential Liability	Investment Made		
Blue Ridge Paper Products Inc.	\$12,000,000	800	\$15,000	\$8,000,000	890	\$8,989	\$4,000,000	\$56,061,738		
Bridgestone Firestone North American Tire I	\$30,000,000	2,083	\$14,402	\$27,456,554	1,949	\$14,088	\$0	\$211,210,315		
Bridgestone Firestone North American Tire II	\$30,000,000	2,000	\$15,000	\$3,000,000	2,112	\$1,420	\$27,000,000	Not reported		
Charlotte Pipe and Foundry Company	\$15,000,000	1,240	\$12,097	\$0	Not reported	n/a	\$15,000,000	Not reported		
Domtar Paper Company, LLC	\$7,000,000	320	\$21,875	\$7,000,000	346	\$20,231	\$0	\$85,888,281		
The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company I	\$30,000,000	2,398	\$12,510	\$27,983,529	2,012	\$13,908	\$0	\$231,850,533		
The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company II	\$30,000,000	2,000	\$15,000	\$0	Not reported	n/a	\$30,000,000	Not reported		
TOTAL	\$154,000,000	10,841	\$14,205	\$73,440,083	7,309	\$10,048	\$76,000,000	\$585,010,867		

<sup>\*</sup>Announced Projected Cost per Retained Job = Amount of Total Award divided by Minimum Required Retained Jobs. Projected Cost per Job is over the life of the grant.

Source: NC Department of Commerce, September 2020. Reporting data as of December 2018.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Cost per Retained Job (to date) = (Disbursements less Recaptured Funds) divided by Retained Jobs.

### **LOCAL INCENTIVES**

Local Government incentive awards are typically provided in the form of cash grants or based on a percentage of property taxes expected to be paid on the company's new investment for the proposed project. Investment and job creation minimums are typically required.

Given that the value of local incentives are generally investment-driven, local governments usually provide funds after a company has paid its annual taxes on investments made, typically after a ramp-up/construction period. These incentive payments usually begin a year or two after the grant is awarded, or later. Thus, the local government's first grant payment year is usually different than the first grant payment year of the Commerce incentive.

As required by statute, local information is reported commencing with Commerce awards as of **July 1, 2011**, where the locals are incenting a project that has received a JDIG award, a One NC award (or both), a JMAC, or an IDF-Utility Account award. For the IDF-Utility Account, disbursed local funds are not available.

The table below outlines the local funds awarded and disbursed for the various programs, as well as jobs created (where required) and a local cost per job to date. Note that the Minimum Required New Jobs numbers represent the number of required jobs that must be created over the life of the grants to receive full disbursement under JDIG and One NC; local job requirements may differ.

Table 7: Local Incentives associated with JDIG, One NC, IDF-Utility, and JMAC Awards made from July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2020									
Minimum  Local Awards Required New *Local Cost per Local Funds **Local Cost									
Program	Announced	Jobs	Job	Disbursed	Jobs Created	Job (to date)			
JDIG (only)	\$271,358,642	47,338	\$5,732	\$43,315,588	12,359	\$3,505			
One NC (only)	\$298,677,562	23,090	\$12,935	\$46,185,384	10,330	\$4,471			
JDIG and One NC***	\$96,694,688	13,135	\$7,362	\$37,662,715	8,194	\$4,596			
IDF-Utility Account****	\$3,927,575	n/a	n/a	Unknown	n/a	n/a			
JMAC****	\$54,993,678	n/a	n/a	\$4,715,977	n/a	n/a			
TOTAL	\$725,652,145	83,563	\$8,684	\$131,879,663	30,883	**\$4,118			

<sup>\*</sup>Announced Projected Local Cost per Job = Announced Local Funds Awarded for JDIG and One NC divided by Minimum Required New Jobs for JDIG and One NC. Projected Cost per Job is over the life of the grant.

Source: Local Governments and NC Department of Commerce, September 2020.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Local Cost per Job (to date) = Local Funds Disbursed for JDIG and One NC divided by Jobs Created for JDIG and One NC. Local Cost per Job does not include retained jobs. Total local cost per job does not include funds disbursed for JMAC awards.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Twenty-eight projects were awarded both JDIG and One NC grants for a total of 56 awards. For projects receiving both JDIG and One NC awards, Local Funds Awarded and Disbursed, Minimum Required New Jobs, and Local Jobs Created reflect JDIG reporting.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>While IDF-Utility Account grants do not require job creation, some recipients have committed to job targets (433 jobs).

<sup>\*\*\*\*\*</sup>JMAC awards are for retained jobs, not new job creation.

### STATE AND LOCAL COMBINED COSTS

Table 8 shows awards made to JDIG and One NC recipients from July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2020, in order to show projected and current costs per job created with a combination of state and local funds. It should be noted that the projected cost per Job amount is over the life of a grant, such that the currently indicated \$22,239 for JDIG represents a projected cost per job of approximately \$2,224 per year on a grant of 10 years. Note also that although some IDF-Utility Account and JMAC grants may include local funding, there are no required new jobs to be created; therefore a cost per job calculation is not applicable.

Table 8: State & Local Awards for JDIG and One NC, July 2011—June 2020										
	*State Funds	Local Funds	Minimum Required New	**State and Local Cost per	State Funds	Local Funds	Recaptured		***State & Local Cost per Job (to	
Program	Awarded	Awarded	Jobs	Job	Disbursed	Disbursed	Funds	Jobs Created	date)	
JDIG (only)	\$781,371,500	\$271,358,642	47,338	\$22,239	\$43,301,586	\$43,315,588	\$735,700	12,359	\$6,949	
One NC (only)	\$69,289,010	\$298,677,562	23,090	\$15,936	\$18,127,469	\$46,185,384	\$3,000	10,330	\$6,226	
JDIG and One NC****	\$380,286,608	\$96,694,688	13,135	\$36,314	\$73,984,637	\$37,662,715	\$1,564,643	8,194	\$13,435	
TOTAL	\$1,230,947,118	\$666,730,892	83,563	\$22,710	\$135,413,692	\$1,271,636,86	\$2,303,343	30,883	\$8,428	

<sup>\*</sup>State funds awarded through JDIG reflect portion available to companies.

Source: Local Governments and NC Department of Commerce, September 2020.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Initial Projected State and Local Cost per Job = (State Funds Awarded plus Local Funds Awarded) divided by Minimum Required New Jobs. Projected Cost per Job is over the life of the grant.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>State & Local Cost per Job (to date) = (State Funds Disbursed (minus State Funds Recaptured) plus Local Funds Disbursed) divided by Jobs Created. Cost per Job does not include retained jobs.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Twenty-eight projects were awarded both JDIG and One NC grants for a total of 56 awards. For projects receiving both JDIG and One NC awards, Local Funds Awarded and Disbursed, Minimum Required New Jobs, and Jobs Created reflect JDIG reporting.